PFAS in Domestic Wastewater: Presence, Sources, and Potential Impacts to Groundwater Quality

Jennifer Harfmann, Ph.D.

NHDES Drinking Water and Groundwater Bureau



Widespread PFAS detections in New Hampshire groundwater

Major site investigations:

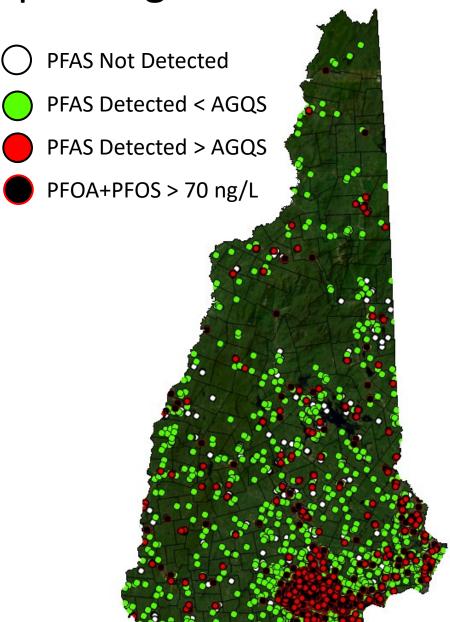
- Pease Air Force Base
- Saint Gobain Performance Plastics

Other sources:

- Waste sites (landfills, septage lagoons, etc.)
- AFFF releases
- Industrial/commercial facilities

NH Ambient Groundwater Quality Standards (AGQS)

PFOA: 12 ng/L PFOS: 15 ng/L PFNA: 11 ng/L PFHxS: 18 ng/L





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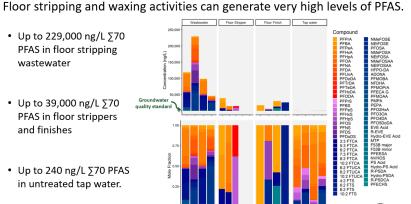
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PFOA+PFOS > 70 ng/L

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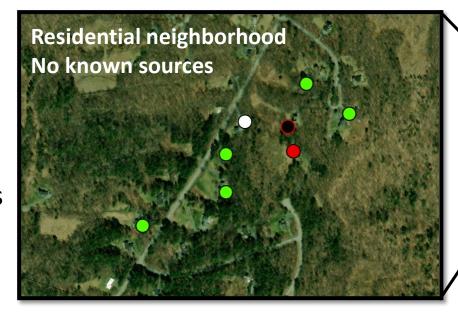
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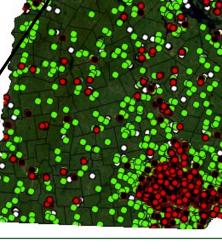
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- Septic systems
 - Small commercial businesses
 - Domestic ??

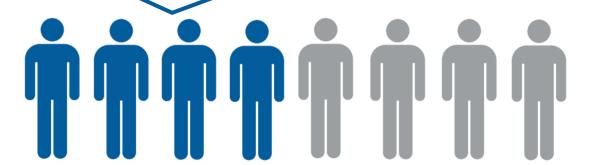






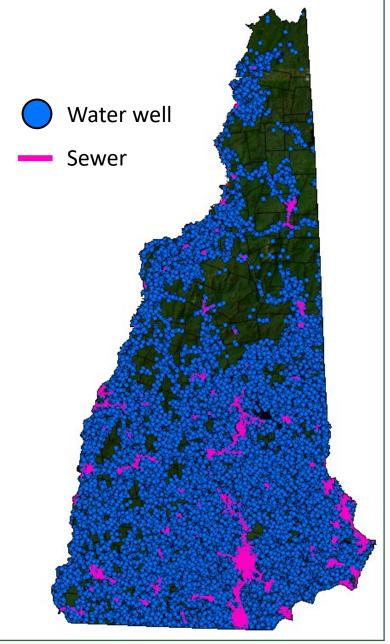
Most of New Hampshire is non-sewered.

Nearly half of NH residents obtain their drinking water from **private wells** and discharge wastewater to **septic systems**.





Domestic wastewater may be a source of PFAS to groundwater in non-sewered regions.





Why might there be PFAS in domestic wastewater?









Soaps, detergents, toothpaste, cosmetics, shampoos, cleaning products, fabrics/textiles, toilet paper...











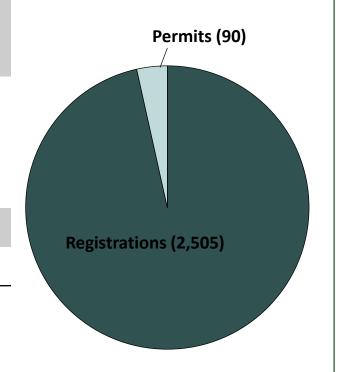
➤ What are typical PFAS concentrations in domestic wastewater?

Approach: Sample wastewater monthly from a residential community septic system

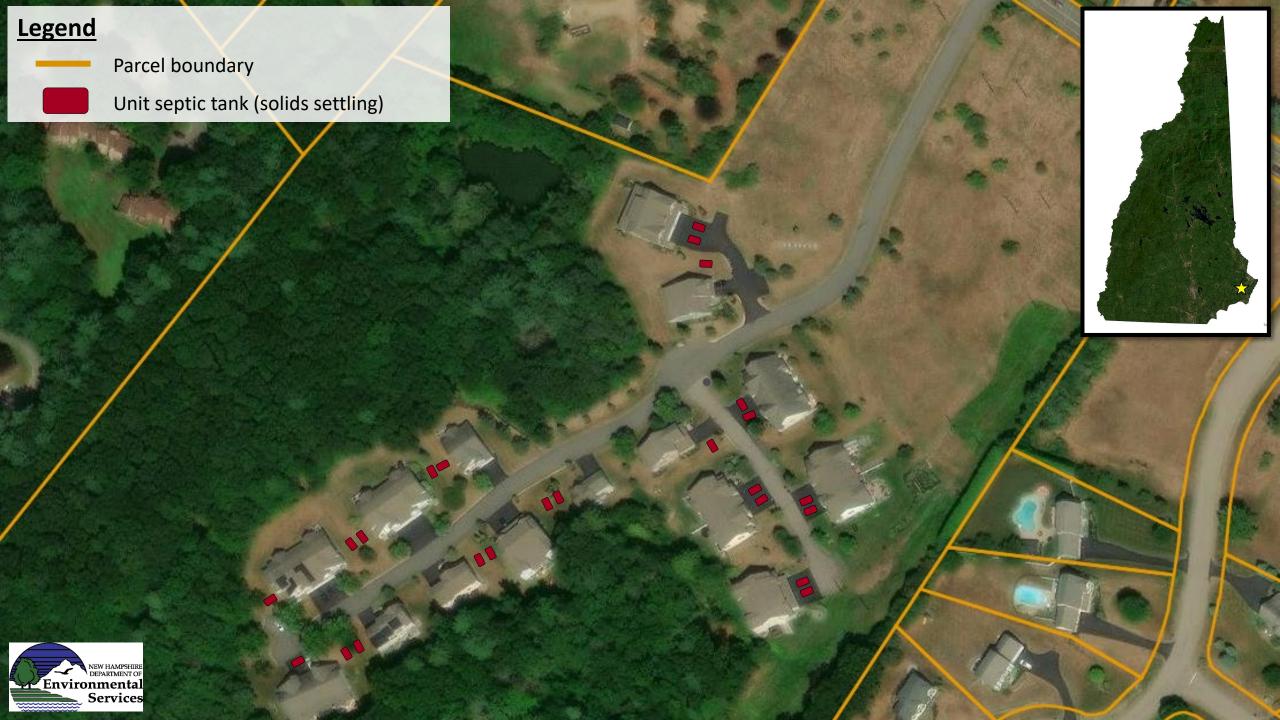


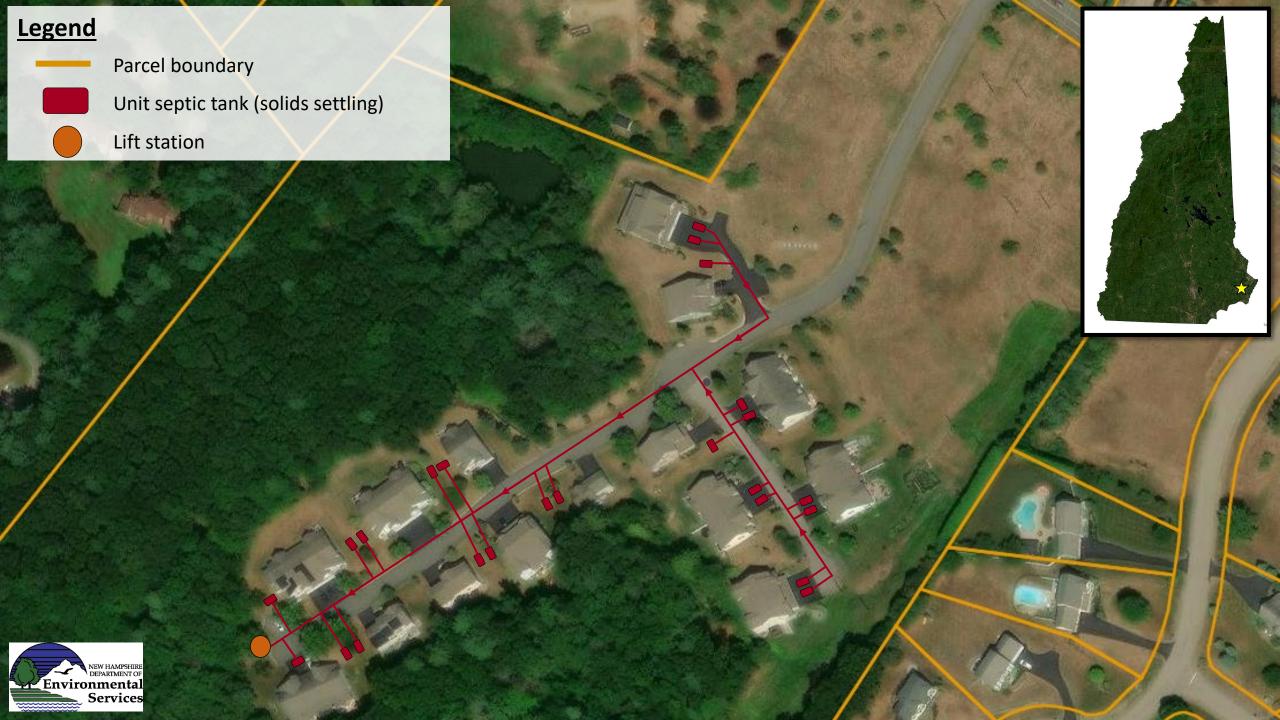
Groundwater Discharge and UIC Programs in New Hampshire

| Criteria | Permit | Registration |
|----------------------|---|--|
| Discharge volumes | Large (> 20,000 gpd) | Small (< 20,000 gpd) |
| Source of wastewater | Domestic and nondomestic | Nondomestic with no contaminants |
| Common types | Unlined lagoons, spray irrigation, rapid infiltration basins (RIBs), large septic systems | Geothermal systems, holding tanks, stormwater infiltration systems, small septic systems |
| Examples | WWTFs, community septic systems, manufacturing facilities, septage facilities | Drinking water treatment wastewater (backwash), stormwater, small businesses |
| Monitoring/sampling? | 2x per year | One time sampling |
| Expiration | 5 years | Indefinite |

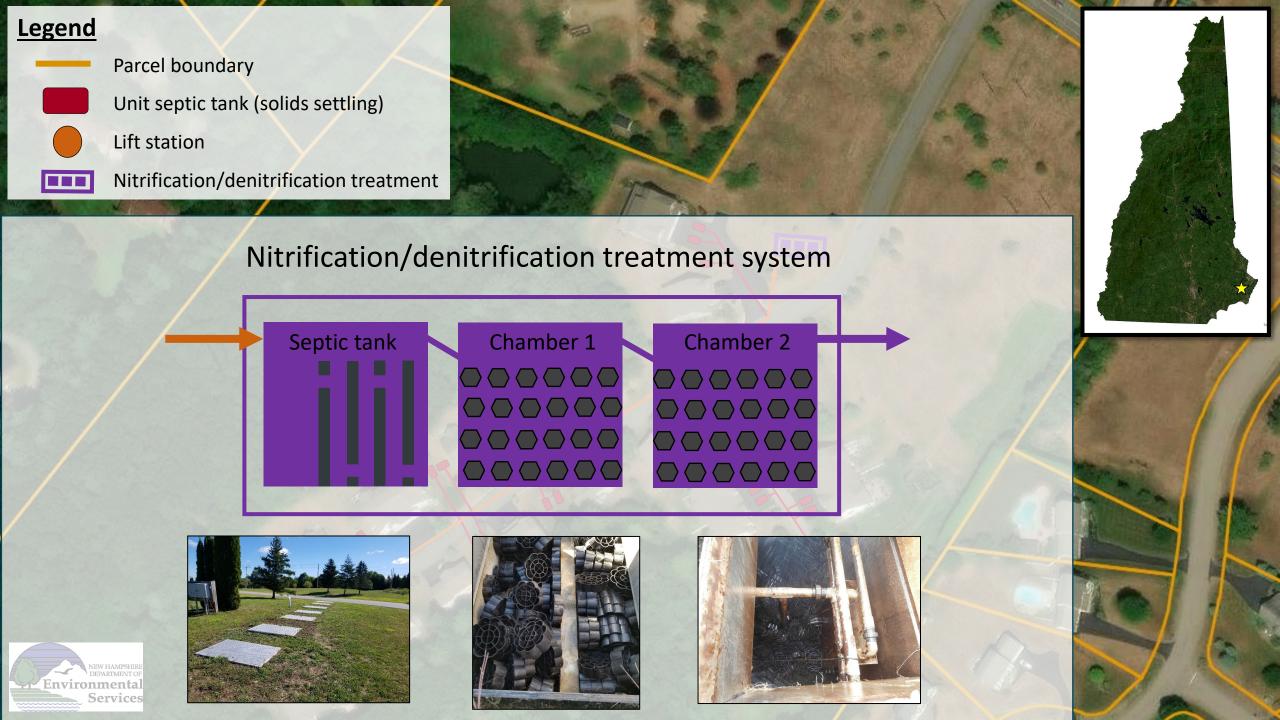


















Domestic wastewater effluent sampling



- Monthly grab samples of wastewater effluent (Jan to Dec 2023)
- PFAS analyses: 70 PFAS custom (4), 36 PFAS custom (2), EPA 1633 (6)

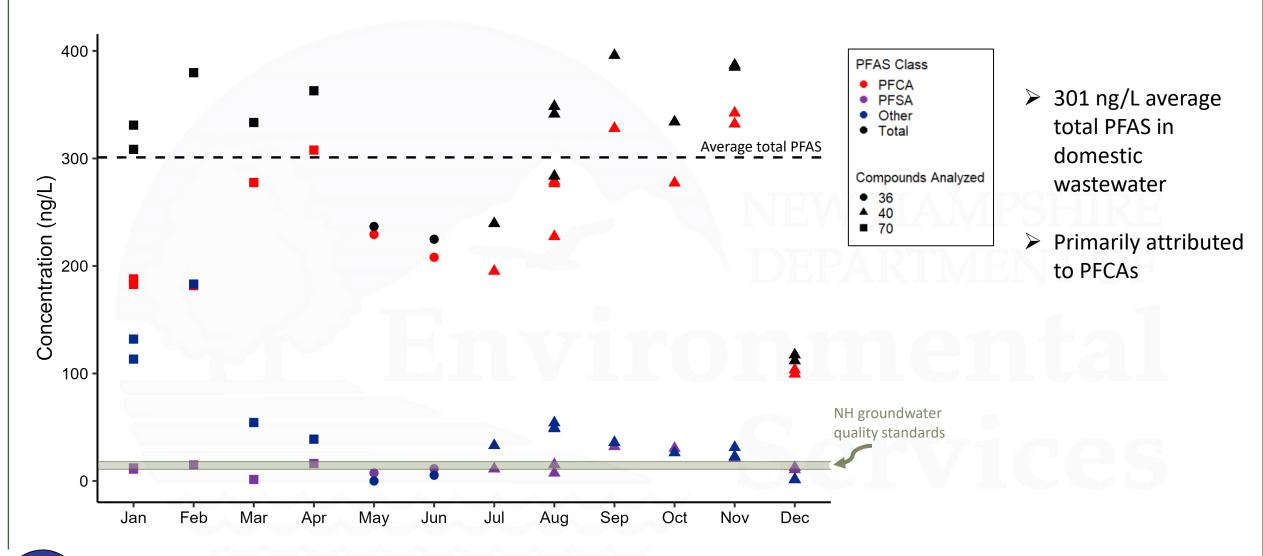






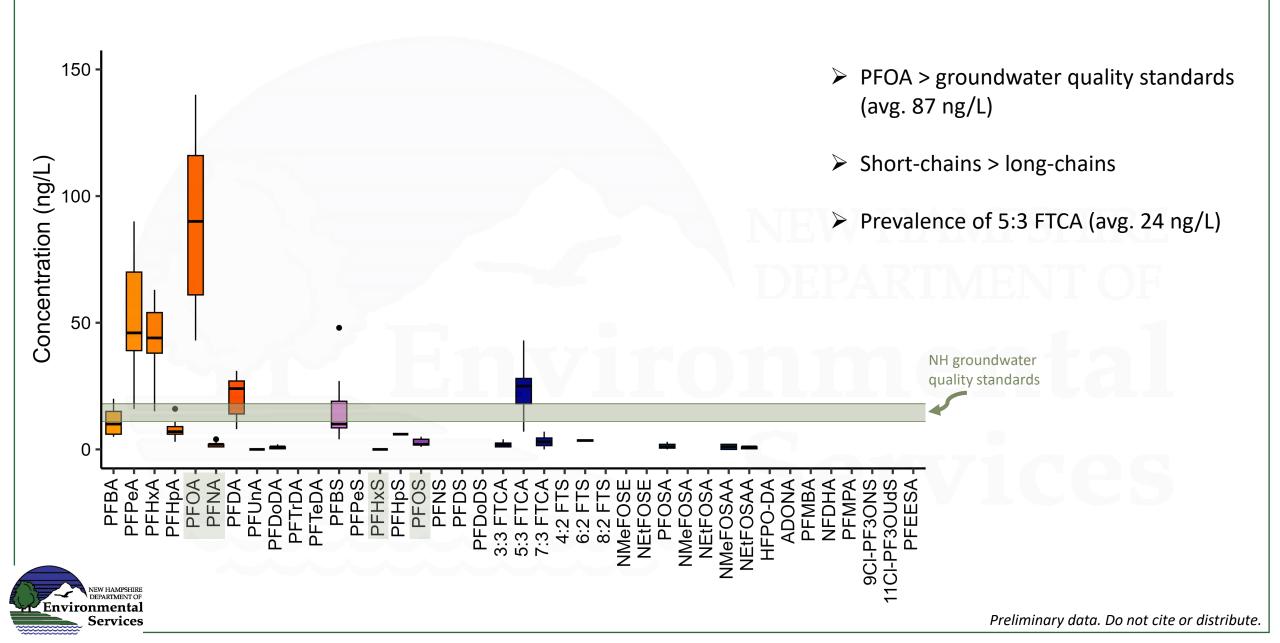


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> Are PFAS selectively removed from wastewater during solids settling?

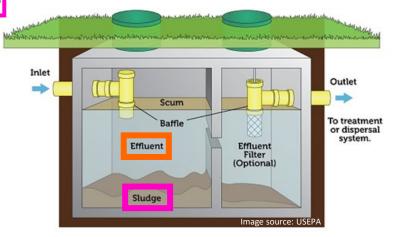
Approach: Sample septic tank supernatant and solids



Domestic septic tank sampling



- Three grab samples from septic tanks (Sep 2023)
 - Supernatant and solids
- PFAS analysis by EPA 1633



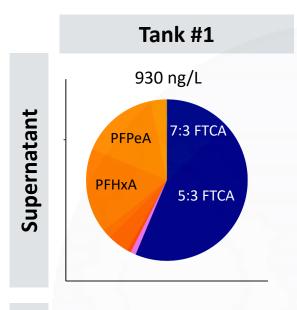


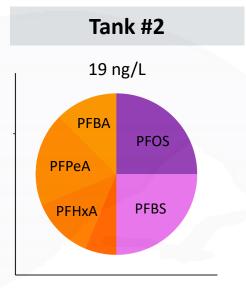


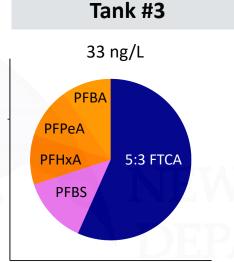




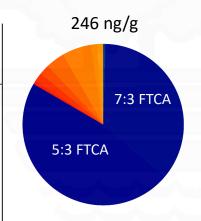
PFAS in domestic septic tank supernatant and solids

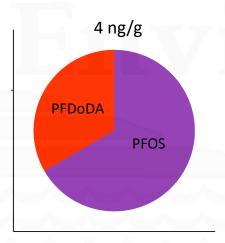






- ➤ Tank to tank variability in PFAS concentration and composition
- PFAS fractionation: Longchains/sulfonates in solids
- Prevalence of FTCAs





No detections



Solids

➤ What is a typical PFAS load to the environment from domestic wastewater?

~300 ng/L, primarily attributed to PFOA, short-chain PFCAs, and 5:3 FTCA

> Are PFAS selectively removed from wastewater during solids settling?

Yes; however selectivity is dependent on influent PFAS levels



Ongoing domestic wastewater initiatives

- Expand scope of sampling
 - Other residential communities
 - Additional emerging contaminants



- Source identification
 - Wastewater derived from specific residential activities (e.g. laundry, carpet cleaning, etc.)
 - Off-the-shelf product sampling









Thank you



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