RAPID MAPPING OF AQUIFERS, WATER QUALITY, AND POTENTIAL RECHARGE SITES USING A TOWED CART TIME-DOMAIN ELECTROMAGNETIC INDUCTION SYSTEM: A NEW TOOL FOR GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT

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Groundwater Studies are Grossly Under Sampled The Classic "Blind Man and the Elephant" Problem



Assuming a 40-acre site, narrow target body, 50 ft. wide:

- each boring has 4% probability of hitting target
- 13 borings needed for 50/50 chance of hitting target
- Over 20 borings needed for 90% probability of hitting once
- Around 700 borings needed to map shape of feature to within +/- 50 ft.
- The result is an incomplete or misleading conceptual site model

Electrical Resistivity (ER)

- Current injected through two current electrodes.
- Voltage drop measured across potential electrodes.
- Electrode array is expanded to increase depth of penetration and moved to map lateral changes
- Resistivity of formation/fluids measured in ohmmeters (Ω-m).
- Modern systems use many electrodes with automated switching.





Siting a Horizontal Well in Texas Panhandle

Typical East Side ERT Profile



Typical West Side ERT Profile



- Horizontal well location chosen
- 200 ft deep 500 ft of screen ~1,000 GPM

Correlation of Channel Trends





Mapping Salt Water Intrusion at the Seal Beach Naval Station



Mapping 3D Conductivity/Resistivity Using FDEM



Time Domain (TEM)

- Transmitter loop on surface (10 to 100 m per side)
- Current cut off nearly instantaneously
- Creates broad frequency EM pulse
- Vertical propagation of pulse induces eddy currents in conductive units (such as saline water)
- Receiver measures magnetic field from eddy currents over time
- Data modeled into layered system





TEM Soundings Along Profile Lines



Mapping Faults in California Basin to Site Recharge Ponds





Airborne TEM for Regional Mapping

- Some systems developed specifically for groundwater studies (SkyTEM)
- 40 mph 50 to 100 ft off the ground
- Up to 700 ft depth
- High production rate
- Cost efficient for large areas (tens of thousands of acres)
- Vertical and lateral resolution not as good as land systems
- No need to access the ground
- Strong correlation resistivity to hydrogeology
- Expensive for small to medium size sites





Portable TDEM Systems



AgTEM system: Penetration ~300 ft



tTEM system: Penetration ~200 ft



Slingram AgTEM

AquaTEM

COLLIER

Towed, walking and floating platforms available

AgTEM Portable TDEM System



- Nearly continuous TEM data to ~300 feet at ~5 mph
- 6 x 7 meter, 1 to 5 turn Tx loop on flexible booms for deep targets
- 2 smaller Tx loops in cart for shallow targets
- Rx coil either coincident (on cart) or offset in front of tow vehicle
- Map sand and gravel, bedrock fracture zones, confining units, depth to bedrock, saline water......















AgTEM Modelled Resistivity Projected 40m & up



Google Ear

LLIER ISULTING

Inferred deep moisture in fractures in hillside

Moisture retained in soil (no deep drainage into hard rock beneath)

Plutonic igneous rock

Modelled Resistivity projected 40m & up



Conductive Strata

Google Earth

Conductive Strata







What AgTEM Will Deliver:

- Rapid acquisition of subsurface geologic information in the range of tens of miles/day
- Much more vivid images of aquifers, bedrock and water quality
- 3D data that can be imported into geologic or groundwater model software with some sitespecific transforms
- Map channel sands, clay confining units, depth to bedrock, fracture zones and more
- Rapid identification of freshwater targets
- Detailed mapping of brackish or saline zones
- Better noise identification and correction/removal due to higher data repetition
- Better site models and more successful groundwater projects
- Discarding inaccurate site models that were impeding progress
- Easily shipped and transportable between multiple sites
- Available for surveys in the US and North America in the Fall of 2021
- Not suitable for highly developed sites





